



MySQL Enterprise Edition Product Guide

A MySQL[®] White Paper



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1 Introduction

Whether you are building high volume websites, enterprise and departmental applications, or advanced communications networks, your organization needs the tools to build and manage these business-critical database applications. This paper explores how you can confidently deploy MySQL, on-premises and in the Cloud, as part of a cost-effective cross-platform solution for delivering high-performing, highly available, reliable and scalable applications. It examines some of the challenges associated with building and supporting scalable, data-driven applications using open source technologies and provides a detailed overview of how MySQL Enterprise Edition can address these challenges. MySQL Enterprise Edition, combines the most secure, scalable, “always on” version of the MySQL database with online backup, monitoring, management and visual database design and SQL development tools, all backed by Oracle Premier Support, 24x7 global enterprise-class support services. Further, MySQL Enterprise Edition supports your use of MySQL in conjunction with many of the Oracle products and tools you may already be familiar with or are currently using. MySQL Enterprise Edition is specifically designed to help you bring secure, high performing and scalable MySQL applications to market faster, mitigate risk, and ensure you meet customer and end-user Service Level Agreements (SLAs).

2 MySQL Enterprise Edition

MySQL is the world's most popular open source database. Whether you are a fast growing web property, software vendor, or large organization, MySQL can cost-effectively help you deliver high performance, scalable database applications. If you are currently using MySQL, you probably started with the MySQL Community Edition. In fact, in many instances MySQL enters an organization via an application development project and makes its way into the data center when the application is promoted for production use. Challenges arise when these applications become vital to business revenues or key business functions. The most common challenges around running MySQL and other open source technologies are revealed by a simple line of questioning:

- How will you ensure you are using the most reliable, secure, scalable, up-to-date version?
- How will you know:
 - If a server or applications is down?



- If there is a replication master/slave synchronization or latency issue?
 - If something else is affecting the performance of a server?
- Will you know:
 - If MySQL is configured to scale-out as your application data and customer base grows?
 - How to configure MySQL variables to ensure your applications run at their peak performance?
- How will you:
 - Identify security loopholes in MySQL servers?
 - Know when there have been security alterations on a MySQL server?
 - Seamlessly add auditing compliance to your new and existing MySQL applications?
- How will you:
 - Optimize your database designs and queries before they are migrated into your production environments or included in your products?
 - Ensure replicated servers are configured correctly for performance and scalability?
 - Monitor and tune poorly performing user/application SQL code?
- How will you integrate MySQL with your existing security standards and infrastructure?
- If you or your customers also use the Oracle Database, how can you:
 - Manage MySQL high availability using existing Oracle solutions?

To help you answer these questions with confidence MySQL provides MySQL Enterprise Edition. MySQL Enterprise Edition is a commercial offering comprised of the MySQL database with security, encryption, auditing, high availability and scalability extensions, online backup, monitoring, management, and visual database design and SQL development tools. MySQL Enterprise Edition is backed by Oracle Premier support for organizations delivering highly available, business critical applications and services. MySQL Enterprise Edition includes the following components:

3 MySQL Database

The MySQL Database is a fully integrated transaction-safe, ACID compliant database with full commit, rollback, crash-recovery and row level locking capabilities. The MySQL Database is a cost-effective solution for:

- High-performance, scalable Web/Cloud/SaaS and E-commerce applications
- Corporate Departmental OLTP and Data Mart applications



- Operational data store integrated with Big Data repositories (Hadoop)
- Low administration, high performance, reliable embedded database applications
- And more

The MySQL Database provides the following features:

- **Self-healing Replication Clusters** to improve scalability, performance and availability of high-volume applications.
- **Performance/Scalability** to meet the demands of ever growing data loads and user concurrency.
- **Online DDL/Schema Changes** for dynamic applications that must remain available for updates at all times.
- **SQL and NoSQL Access** for applications that require complex queries and simple, fast Key Value operations against the same transactional dataset.
- **Performance Schema** for monitoring user/application level performance and resource consumption.
- **Platform Interoperability** that allows MySQL to run across operating systems and to be used as the operational data store for Hadoop and other Big Data platform deployments.

You can learn more about what's new in MySQL 5.6 for DBAs and Developers here:

<http://www.mysql.com/why-mysql/white-papers/whats-new-mysql-5-6>.

MySQL Replication and High Availability

MySQL Replication has been widely deployed by MySQL users to deliver both scalability and high availability. It is simple for users to rapidly create multiple replicas of their database to scale-out beyond the capacity constraints of a single instance, enabling them to serve rapidly growing database workloads.

MySQL Replication works by simply having one server act as a master, while one or more servers act as slaves. The master server will log the changes to the database. Once these changes have been logged, they are then sent and applied to the slave(s).

Replication is often employed in a scale-out implementation so that requests that simply “read” data can be directed to slave servers. This allows transactions involving writes to be exclusively executed on the master server and leads to not only a performance boost but a more efficient use of resources.



Replication is also the most common approach to delivering High Availability (HA) for MySQL databases. Updates are replicated from a master to slave server with the goal being to fail-over to the slave server in the event the master goes offline either due to an error, crash or for maintenance purposes. To this end MySQL provides an advanced set of automated, monitoring and fail-over utilities that enable DBAs to take a “set it and forget it” approach to ensuring the MySQL databases under their care remain up and available. Rendered in Python and provided as open source under the GPL, the MySQL Utilities provide advanced slave promotion and fail-over functionality and are fully extensible to meet custom needs. More information is available at <http://dev.mysql.com/doc/workbench/en/mysql-utilities.html>.

You can learn more about MySQL Replication and get practical, hands on experience using these resources:

Introduction to MySQL Replication:

<http://www.mysql.com/why-mysql/white-papers/mysql-replication-introduction>.

Using MySQL Replication for Highly Available Applications:

<http://www.mysql.com/why-mysql/white-papers/mysql-replication-high-availability>.

MySQL Replication Hands On Tutorial: Configuration, Provisioning and Management: <http://www.mysql.com/why-mysql/white-papers/mysql-replication-tutorial>.

MySQL Enterprise Edition builds on the above feature set by providing a set of commercial extensions around the MySQL Database that meet the advanced security, performance, scale and availability requirements of the most demanding applications, web and online environments. These extended features are exclusive to MySQL Enterprise Edition and are described below.

4 MySQL Enterprise Authentication

MySQL Database 5.5 and higher also supports an open, pluggable authentication interface that enables users to develop plug-ins to authenticate MySQL client connections against external resource such as LDAP, Windows Active Directory, PAM, etc. This enables MySQL to easily integrate with existing security standards and infrastructure.

MySQL External Authentication

MySQL Enterprise Edition provides ready to use external authentication modules for users who authenticate users via Pluggable Authentication Modules ("PAM") or native Windows OS services. Each is described below:

- MySQL External Authentication for PAM - Enables you to configure MySQL to use PAM to authenticate users on LDAP, Unix/Linux, and other systems.

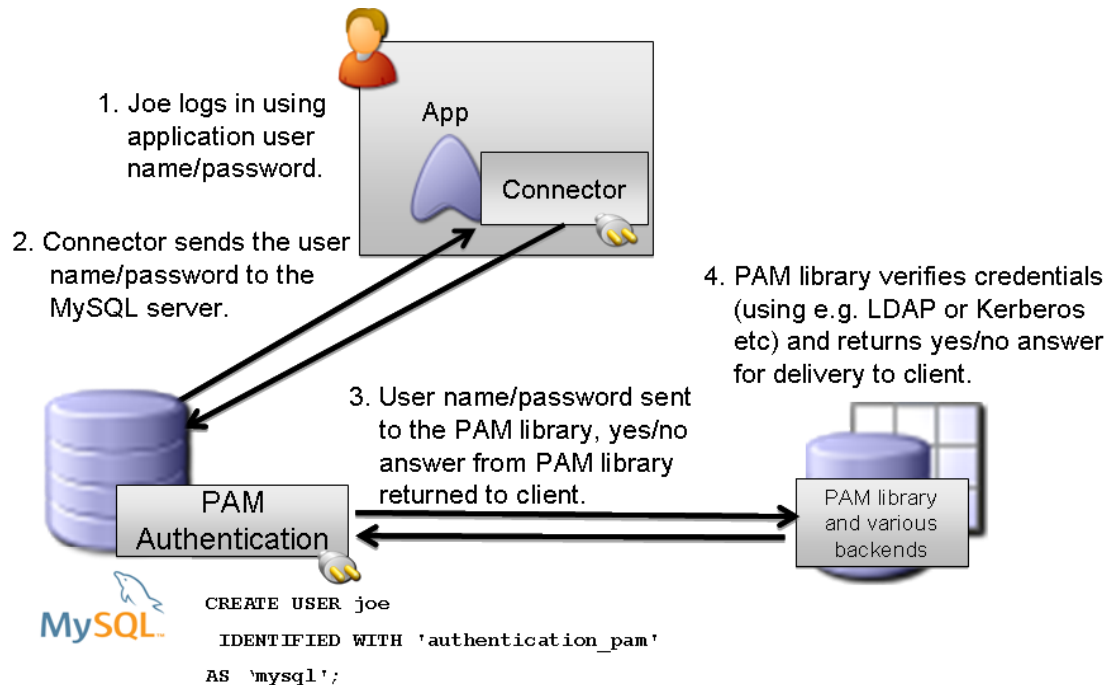


Figure 2: MySQL External Authentication for PAM

- MySQL External Authentication for Windows – Enables you to configure MySQL to use native Windows services to authenticate client connections. Users who have logged in to Windows can connect from MySQL client programs to the server based on the token information in their environment (via Active Directory) without specifying an additional password.

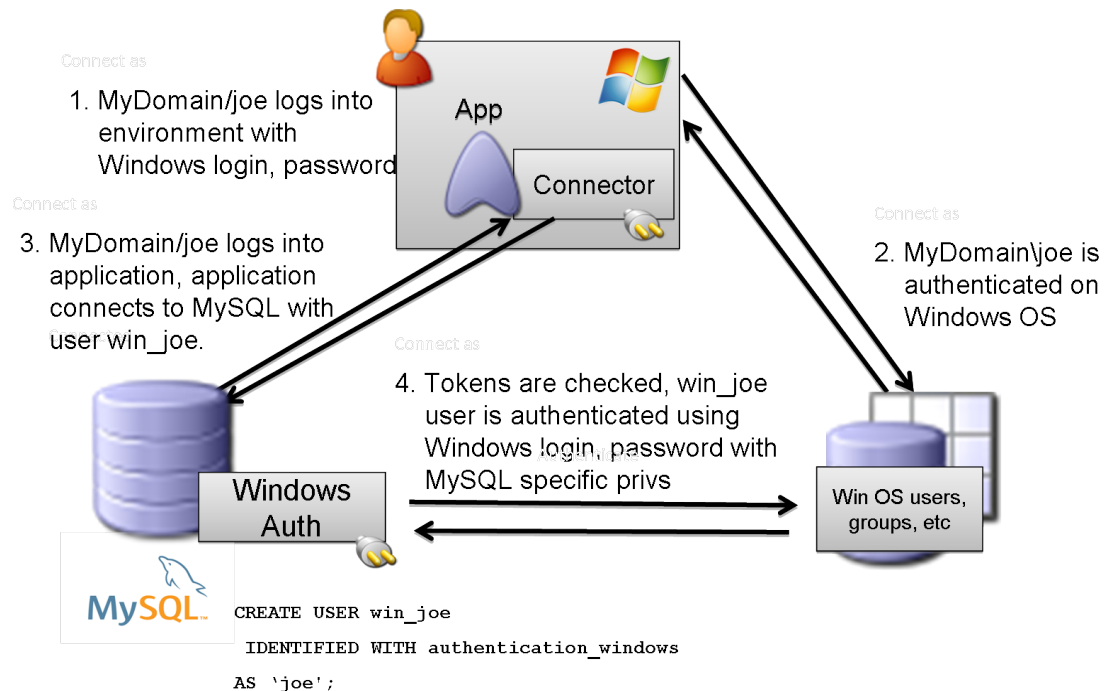


Figure 3: MySQL External Authentication for Windows

To learn more about MySQL Enterprise Authentication visit:
<http://www.mysql.com/products/enterprise/security.html>.

5 MySQL Enterprise Encryption

To protect sensitive data throughout its lifecycle, MySQL Enterprise Encryption provides industry standard functionality for asymmetric encryption (Public Key Cryptography). MySQL Enterprise Encryption provides encryption, key generation, digital signatures and other cryptographic features to help organizations protect confidential data and comply with regulatory requirements including HIPAA, Sarbanes-Oxley, and the PCI Data Security Standard.

MySQL Enterprise Encryption gives DBAs and Developers the tools they need for:

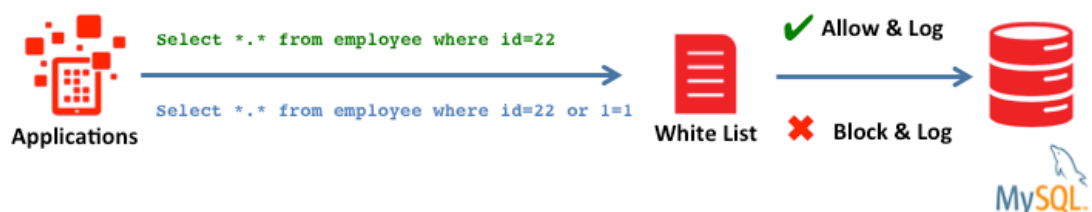
- Asymmetric Public Key Encryption (RSA)
- Asymmetric Private Key Decryption (RSA)
- Generate Public/Private Key (RSA, DSA, DH)
- Derive Symmetric Keys from Public and Private Key pairs (DH)
- Digitally Sign Data (RSA, DSA)
- Verify Data Signature (RSA, DSA)
- Validation Data Authenticity (RSA, DSA)



This enables software developers to encrypt data by using RDS, DHS and DH encryption algorithms without changing existing applications.

6 MySQL Enterprise Firewall

MySQL Enterprise Firewall guards against cyber security threats by providing real-time protection against database specific attacks, such as an SQL Injection. MySQL Enterprise Firewall monitors for database threats, automatically creates a whitelist of approved SQL statements and blocks unauthorized database activity.



- Real-time Threat Monitoring - All incoming queries pass through a SQL analysis engine and are matched against an approved Whitelist of expected SQL statements.
- Block Suspicious Traffic - Statements that do not match the approved whitelist are blocked, logged and can be analyzed to help block a potential SQL injection attack.
- Learn and Build Whitelists - Automatically create user specific whitelists of pre-approved SQL statements using a self-learning system.
- Transparent Protection - MySQL Enterprise Firewall requires no changes to your application regardless of development language, framework or 3rd party application.
- High Performance - MySQL Enterprise Firewall runs within each MySQL instance and provides scale-out performance.
- Logging - MySQL Enterprise Firewall tracks and provides metrics on both allowed and blocked SQL statements. Blocked statements are logged for inspection and alerting.

7 MySQL Enterprise Audit

Today's web-based applications have evolved from nice-to-have enablers to the mission-critical revenue generating mechanisms that characterize the modern business model. In this virtual marketplace, PCI compliance guidelines ensure credit card data is secure within e-commerce apps. From a corporate standpoint, Sarbanes-Oxley, HIPAA and other government imposed mandates guard the medical, financial, public sector and other personal data centric industries with required logging, archiving and "upon



request" access to audit trails that reveal the eyes and hands that have viewed and acted upon the most sensitive of data. In all use cases, requirements for capturing application level user activity are most commonly implemented on the back-end database.

With this in mind, MySQL 5.5 and higher provides an open pluggable audit interface that enables all MySQL users to write their own auditing solutions based on application specific requirements. To help users quickly and seamlessly add auditing compliance to their existing applications MySQL Enterprise Edition includes MySQL Enterprise Audit, an easy to use policy-based auditing solution that enables users to:

- Dynamically enable/disable audit stream
- Implement policies that log all or selected login or query based activities
- Automatically rotate audit log files based on size
- Integrate XML-based audit log stream with MySQL, Oracle and other third party solutions

A common set up and use case scenario is depicted here:

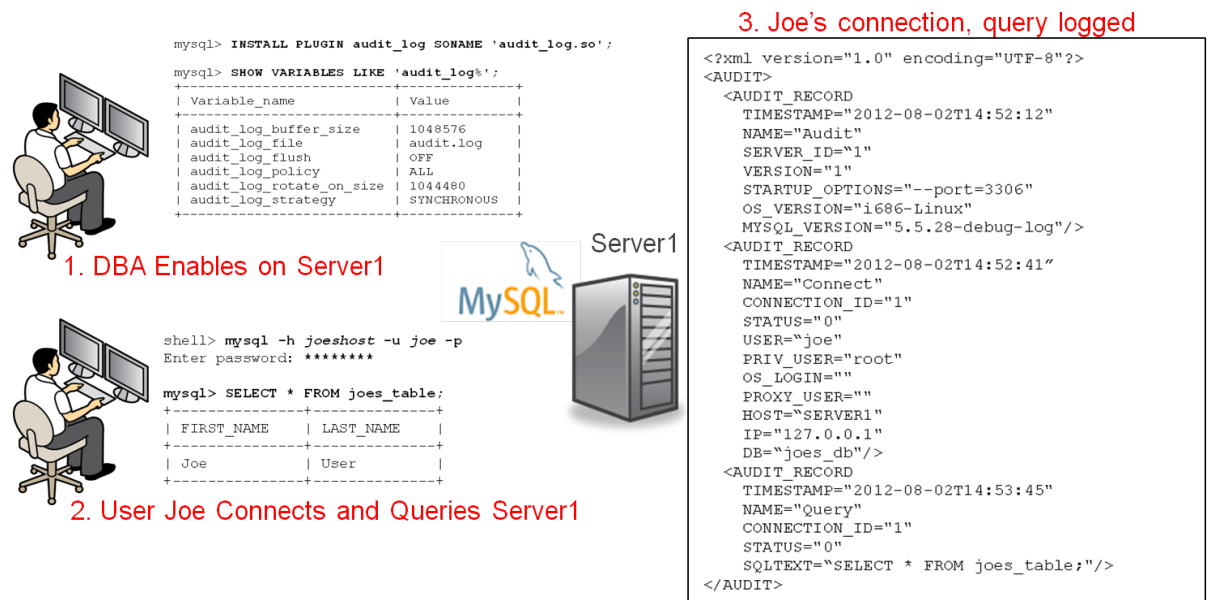


Figure 1: MySQL Enterprise Audit Set Up and Use Case

To learn more about MySQL Enterprise Audit visit:
<http://www.mysql.com/products/enterprise/audit.html>.

8 MySQL Enterprise Scalability

By default the MySQL Database provides a complex thread-handling model that provides excellent throughput and performance for online and web-based applications. User connections are mapped to execution threads on a one-to-one basis with each connection/thread assignment remaining intact until the connection is terminated by the client. Under this model the MySQL Database provides scalable concurrency of both user connections and query executions.

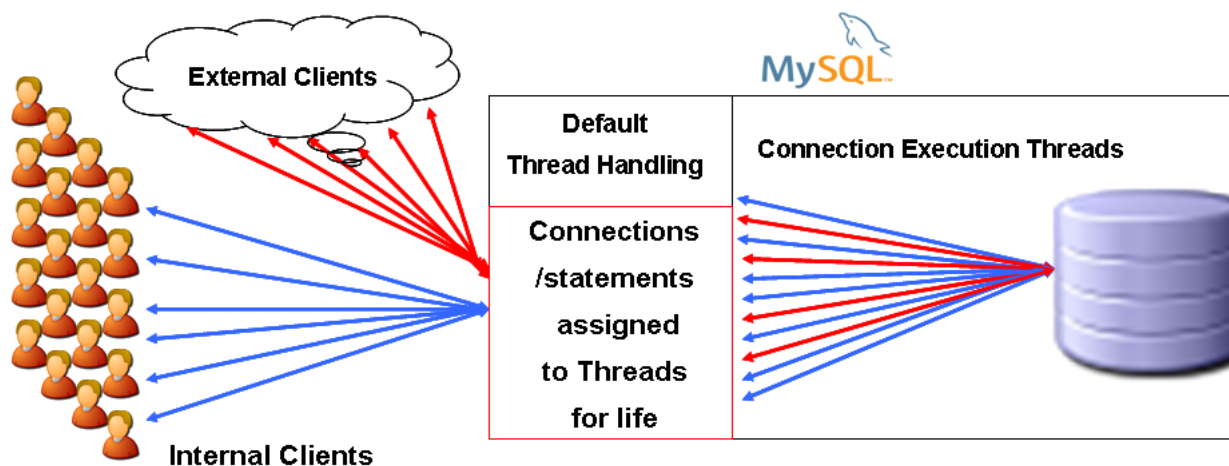


Figure 4: Default Thread Handling Model

While this model serves and scales most web deployment use cases very well it does have the potential to limit scalability as connection and query loads increase at an increasing rate. This use case is becoming more common as application clients now extend far beyond the keyboard to mobile and other web-enabled devices. For the most highly-trafficked applications when concurrent connections grow from hundreds to thousands and associated query executions grow proportionally scalability challenges and limitations with the default model are potentially exposed:

- Current model does not prioritize connection queries for execution, regardless of the number that have been submitted or that are in a “wait” status. No prioritization of queries means that all attempt to execute in parallel with no regard for server resource limitations.
- More concurrency of query executions requires significantly more server memory. In an extreme case if the amount of memory needed by all active connections exceeds server memory, the MySQL server may revert to memory/disk swapping, which will greatly impact user response times.

- More query executions also leads to more cache flushing, which leads to more cache misses and disk I/O requests. More disk I/O leads to longer query execution and user response times.
- Write intensive applications are impacted significantly as concurrent DML statement execution times can degrade exponentially as disk I/O increases.

The MySQL Thread Pool

To meet these challenges around the most demanding “mobilized” application user and workloads MySQL Enterprise Edition provides the MySQL Thread Pool. The Thread Pool is a user configurable option that provides an efficient, alternate thread-handling model designed to sustain performance and scalability as concurrent user loads continue to grow. In these use cases the Thread Pool addresses the limitations to scalability by:

- Managing/controlling query execution until the MySQL server has the resources to execute it.
- Splitting threads into managed Thread Groups. Inbound connections are assigned to a group via a round-robin algorithm and the number of concurrent connections/threads per group is limited based on queue prioritization and nature of queries awaiting execution. Transactional queries are given a higher priority in queue than non-transactional, but queue prioritization can be overridden at the user level as needed.
- Avoiding deadlocks when queries are stalled or executing for long period of time.

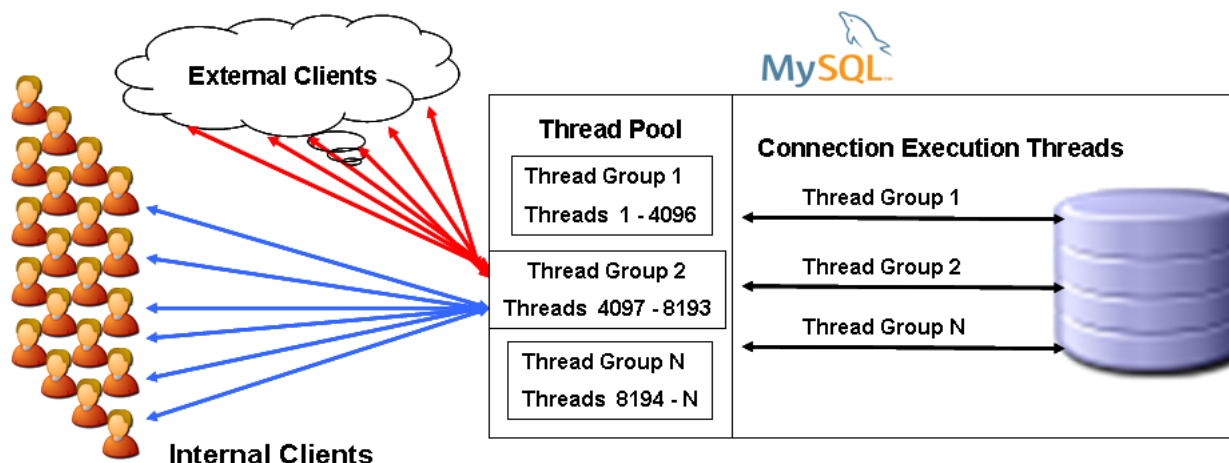


Figure 5: MySQL Thread Pool

The result is sustained performance and scalability as concurrent user connections and work loads grow as shown here:

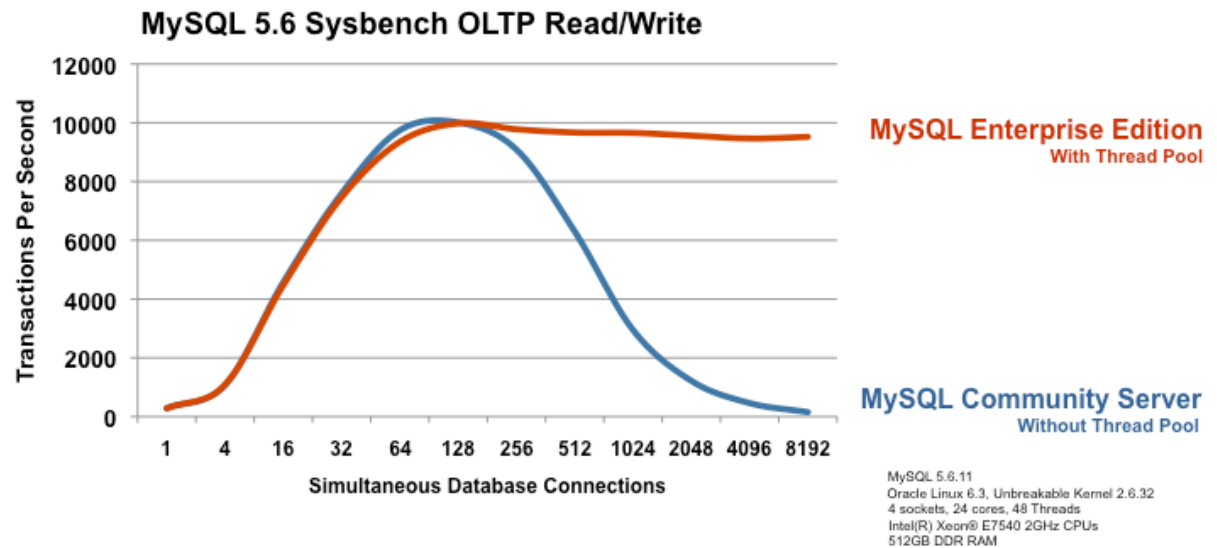


Figure 6: MySQL Enterprise Edition provides 60x better scalability for OLTP Read/Write activity with Thread Pool

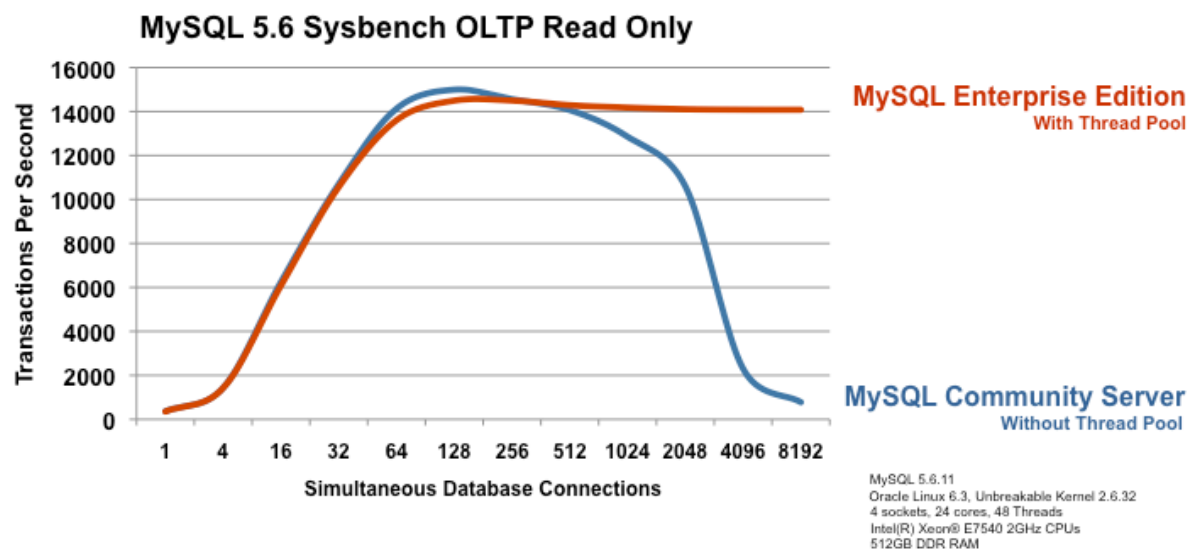


Figure 7: MySQL Enterprise Edition provides 18x better scalability for OLTP Read activity with Thread Pool

SysBench OLTP benchmarks show that the MySQL Thread Pool provides a significant improvement in sustained performance and scalability for applications that service a growing number of concurrent user connections and query executions. The graphs above show read/write activity improves



by a factor of 60 while read only activity improves by a factor of 18, both at 8,192 concurrent connections, with the Thread Pool enabled.

To learn more about MySQL Enterprise Scalability visit:
<http://www.mysql.com/products/enterprise/scalability.html>.

9 MySQL Enterprise High Availability

Databases are the center of today's applications – whether SMB, enterprise, web or cloud, as they store and protect an organization's most valuable assets, and run business-critical applications. Just minutes of downtime can often result in significant amounts of lost revenue and unsatisfied customers. Making database applications highly available is therefore a top priority for DevOps and Architect teams.

As demonstrated below, MySQL Enterprise offers a range of solutions to meet different application and operations environments that automatically detect and recover from failures – whether these occur at the network, host, OS or database layer – as well as eliminate downtime resulting from scheduled maintenance activities.

Oracle VM Template for MySQL Enterprise Edition

Integrating MySQL Enterprise Edition with Oracle VM and Oracle Linux, the Oracle VM Template for MySQL¹ is the fastest, easiest and most reliable way to provision virtualized and highly available MySQL databases.

The Oracle VM Template for MySQL Enterprise Edition ensures rapid deployment and helps eliminate configuration efforts and risks by providing a pre-installed and pre-configured virtualized software image, taking advantage of Oracle VM's mechanisms to deliver high availability.

¹ <http://www.mysql.com/why-mysql/virtualization/index.html>

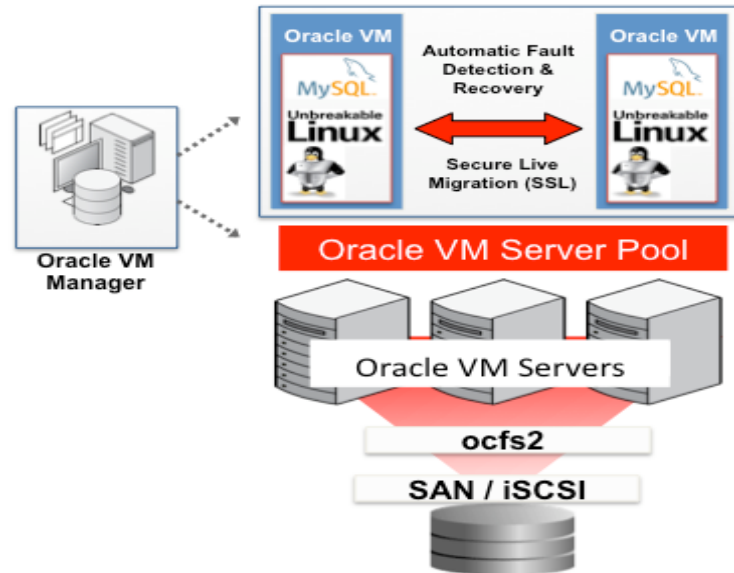


Figure 8: Oracle VM Template for MySQL 5.5 Enterprise Edition enable rapid provisioning and integrated High Availability

Organizations can meet stringent SLA (Service Level Agreement) demands by using the High Availability features of the Oracle VM Template for MySQL Enterprise Edition:

- **Automatic recovery from failures**, Oracle VM automatically restarts failed MySQL instances on available servers in the server pool after outages of the physical server, VM or MySQL database.
- **Live Migration**, enables operations staff to move running instances of MySQL to alternative hosts within a server pool when they need to perform maintenance operations.

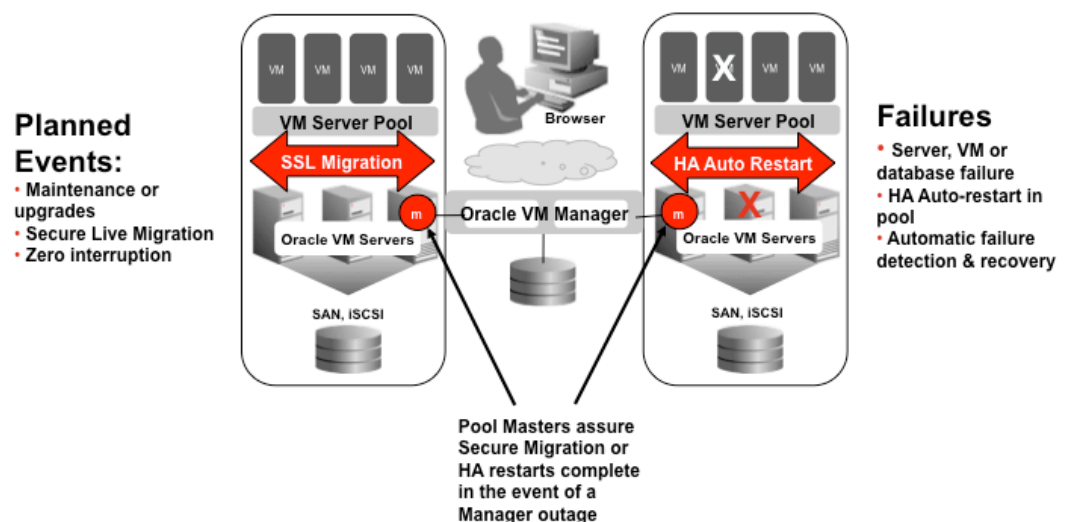


Figure 9: Oracle VM Template protects MySQL against planned and unplanned downtime



Together with Oracle's 24/7 world-class technical support across the entire stack², the Oracle VM template for MySQL Enterprise Edition enables users to quickly and safely deploy new web and cloud-based applications and services.

Windows Server Failover Clustering

Microsoft Windows is consistently ranked as the top development platform for MySQL, and outranks any individual Linux distribution as the leading platform for MySQL deployments, according to surveys of MySQL Enterprise, ISV / OEM and Community users.

With the certification and support of MySQL with Windows Server Failover Clustering (WSFC), organizations can safely deploy business-critical applications demanding high levels of availability, powered by MySQL Enterprise Edition.

Windows Server Failover Clustering (WSFC) is a feature of the Enterprise and Datacenter editions of Windows Server 2008 R2. The figure below illustrates the integration of MySQL with Windows Server Failover Clustering to provide a highly available service. Failures of either MySQL or the underlying server are automatically detected and the MySQL instance is restarted on the Standby node. Applications accessing the database, as well as any MySQL replication slaves, can automatically reconnect to the new host running MySQL using the same Virtual IP address.

Administrators can also initiate a failover themselves when they need to take a server offline for maintenance.

² Users need to subscribe to the Unbreakable Linux Network to receive support for Oracle Linux and Oracle VM

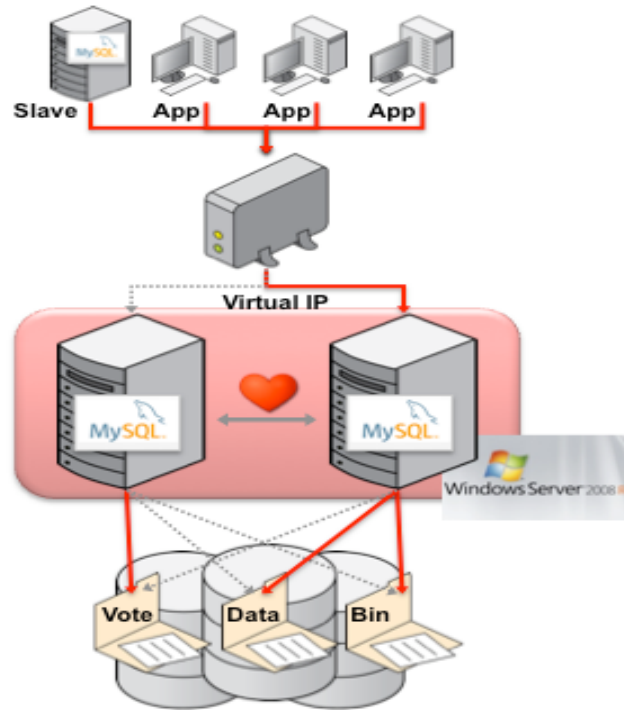


Figure 10: MySQL and Windows Server Failover Cluster Providing HA to Business Critical Applications running on the Windows Platform

MySQL Enterprise Edition is fully supported when deployed on Windows Server Failover Clustering³, and best practices are provided to guide users through the provisioning and deployment.

Oracle Linux with DRBD Stack

Integrating MySQL Enterprise Edition with an integrated stack of mature and proven open source technologies, fully supported by Oracle, the solution includes:

- MySQL Database;
- DRBD kernel module and userland utilities;
- Pacemaker and Corosync cluster messaging and management processes;
- Oracle Linux operating system.

The stack provides:

- Automatic failover and recovery for service continuity;
- Live migration for planned maintenance
- Mirroring, via synchronous replication, to ensure failover between nodes without the risk of losing committed transactions;
- Building of HA clusters from commodity hardware with local storage.

³ Oracle does not provide technical support for Windows Server Failover Clustering itself. This must be sourced from Microsoft.

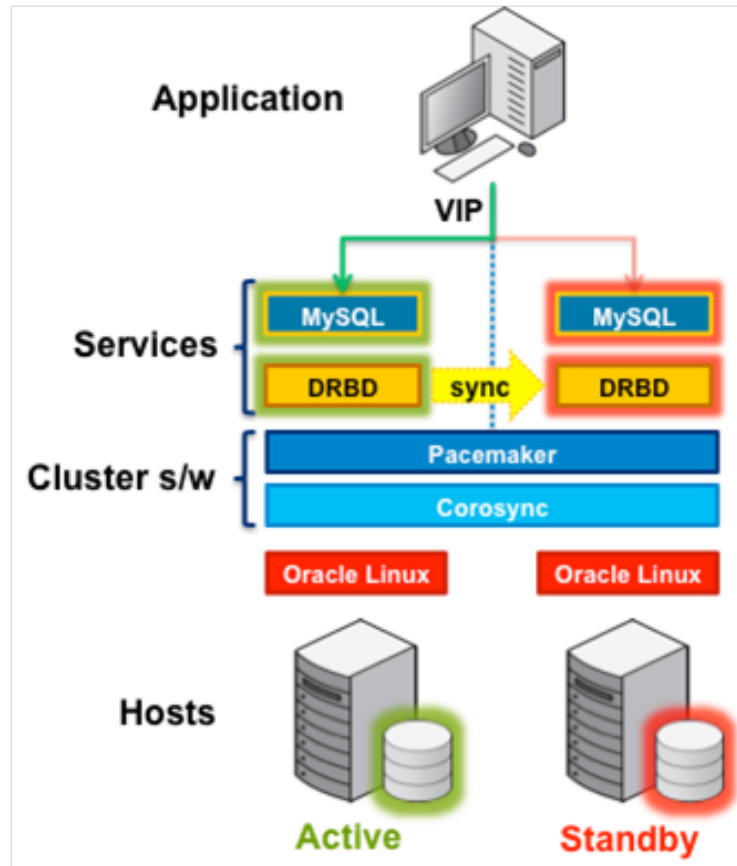


Figure 11: Oracle Linux with DRBD Stack

Oracle Solaris Clustering

Oracle Solaris Cluster provides high availability and load balancing to mission-critical applications and services in physical or virtualized environments. With Oracle Solaris Cluster, organizations have a scalable and flexible solution that is suited equally to small clusters in local datacenters or larger multi-site, multi-cluster deployments that are part of enterprise disaster recovery implementations.

The Oracle Solaris Cluster MySQL agent integrates seamlessly with MySQL offering a selection of configuration options in the various Oracle Solaris Cluster topologies

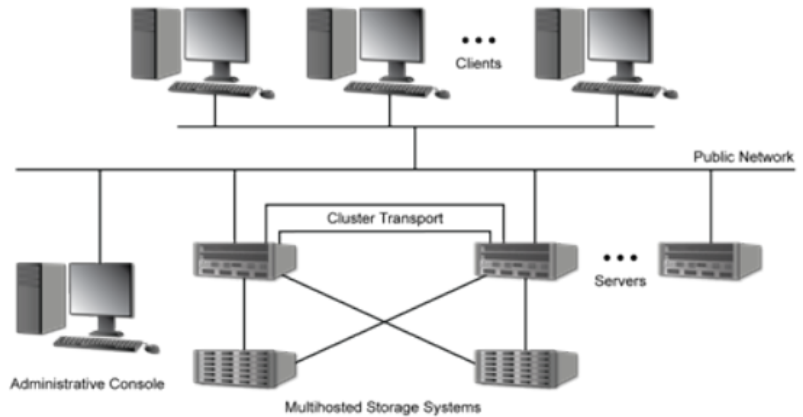


Figure 12: Oracle Solaris Clustering

You can learn more about Oracle Solaris Cluster and the MySQL agents here: <http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/server-storage/solaris-cluster/overview/index.html>

To learn more about MySQL Enterprise High Availability visit: http://www.mysql.com/products/enterprise/high_availability.html.

10 MySQL Enterprise Backup

Backup

MySQL Enterprise Backup performs online "Hot", non-blocking backups of MySQL databases. Full backups can be performed on all InnoDB data while MySQL is online, without interrupting queries or updates. In addition, incremental backups are supported so that only data that has changed from a previous backup are backed up. Also partial backups are supported when only certain tables or tablespaces need to be backed up.

Restore

MySQL Enterprise Backup restores data from a full backup with full backward compatibility. Consistent Point-in-Time Recovery (PITR) enables restoration to a specific point in time. Using MySQL backups and binlog, you can also perform fine-grained roll forward recovery to a specific transaction. A partial restore allows recovery of targeted tables or tablespaces. In addition, you can restore backups to a separate location, or create clones for fast replication setup or administration.

Compression



MySQL Enterprise Backup supports creating compressed backup files, typically reducing backup size from 70% to over 90% when compared to the size of actual database files, reducing storage and other costs.

To learn more, download the whitepaper:

http://mysql.com/why-mysql/white-papers/mysql_wp_enterprise_backup.php.

11 MySQL Enterprise Monitor

MySQL developers, DBAs and SysAdmins often find themselves having to manage dynamic, high growth applications that require continuous uptime. The MySQL Enterprise Monitor helps them automate the management of their MySQL infrastructure and improve the performance and availability of their applications.

The MySQL Enterprise Monitor is a web-based application that can manage MySQL within the safety of a corporate firewall or remotely in a public cloud. MySQL Enterprise Monitor provides:

- **Performance & Availability Monitoring** - Continuously monitor MySQL queries and performance related server metrics
- **Visual Query Analysis** – Monitor query performance and pinpoint SQL code that is causing a slow-down
- **InnoDB Monitoring** - Monitor key InnoDB metrics that impact MySQL performance
- **MySQL Cluster Monitoring** - Monitor key MySQL Cluster metrics that impact performance and availability
- **Replication Monitoring** – Gain visibility into the performance, and health of all MySQL Masters and Slaves
- **Backup Monitoring** – Ensure your online, hot backups are running as expected
- **Disk Monitoring** – Forecast future capacity requirements using trend analysis and projections.
- **Security Monitoring** - Identify and resolve security vulnerabilities across all MySQL servers
- **Operating System Monitoring** - Monitor operating system level performance metrics such as load average, CPU usage, RAM usage and swap usage

Enterprise Dashboard for Monitoring all MySQL Servers

The Enterprise Dashboard, provides real-time visibility into the performance and availability of all your MySQL databases. You can monitor MySQL



metrics for a single server or groups of servers, and manage all of their replication topologies. The Enterprise Dashboard is designed to give you an overall view of the health of your MySQL Servers and point you to potentially critical issues that may impact the performance and availability of your applications. A rich set of real time and historical graphs allow you to drill down into server statistic details.

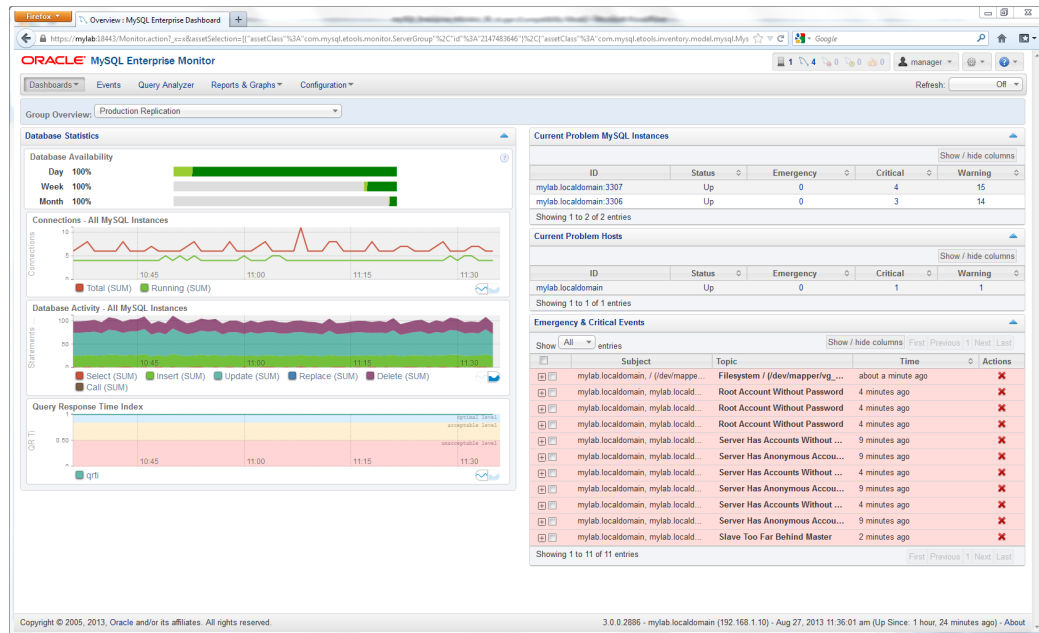


Figure 13: MySQL Enterprise Dashboard

Monitoring of Replication/Scale-Out Topologies

The Enterprise Dashboard makes it easier to scale out using MySQL Replication by providing industry-leading auto detection, grouping, documenting and monitoring of all MySQL Replication master/slave hierarchical relationships. Changes and additions to existing replication topologies are also auto detected and maintained providing you instant visibility into newly implemented updates. This helps reduce the learning curve for anyone new to MySQL Replication or to specific scale-out environments.

Replication Monitoring										
Servers	Type	Threads		Time Behind	Binary Logs		Master Position		Log Space	
		IO	SQL		Current File	Position	Binary Log	Position	Binary Logs	Relay Logs
Replication 1 (4)	MIXED	✓	✓							
mylab.localdomain.3306	master/slave	✓	✓	00:00:00	mylab-bin.000001	791	mylab-bin.000001	791	791 B	1.1 KB
mylab.localdomain.3307	master/slave	✓	✓	00:00:00	mylab-bin.000001	791	mylab-bin.000001	791	791 B	1.1 KB
mylab.localdomain.3308	master/slave	✓	✓	00:00:00	mylab-bin.000001	986	mylab-bin.000001	791	0.96 KB	1.1 KB
MLORD-PC-3306	slave	✓	✓	00:00:00			mylab-bin.000001	986		1.29 KB

Figure 14: MySQL Enterprise Replication Monitoring



MySQL Query Analyzer

The MySQL Query Analyzer helps developers and DBAs improve application performance by monitoring queries and accurately pinpointing SQL code that is causing a slowdown. Using the Performance Schema with MySQL Server 5.6, data is gathered directly from the MySQL server without the need for any additional software or configuration.

Queries are presented in an aggregated view across all MySQL servers so DBAs and developers can filter for specific query problems and identify the code that consumes the most resources. With the MySQL Query Analyzer, DBAs can improve the SQL code during active development and continuously monitor and tune the queries in production.

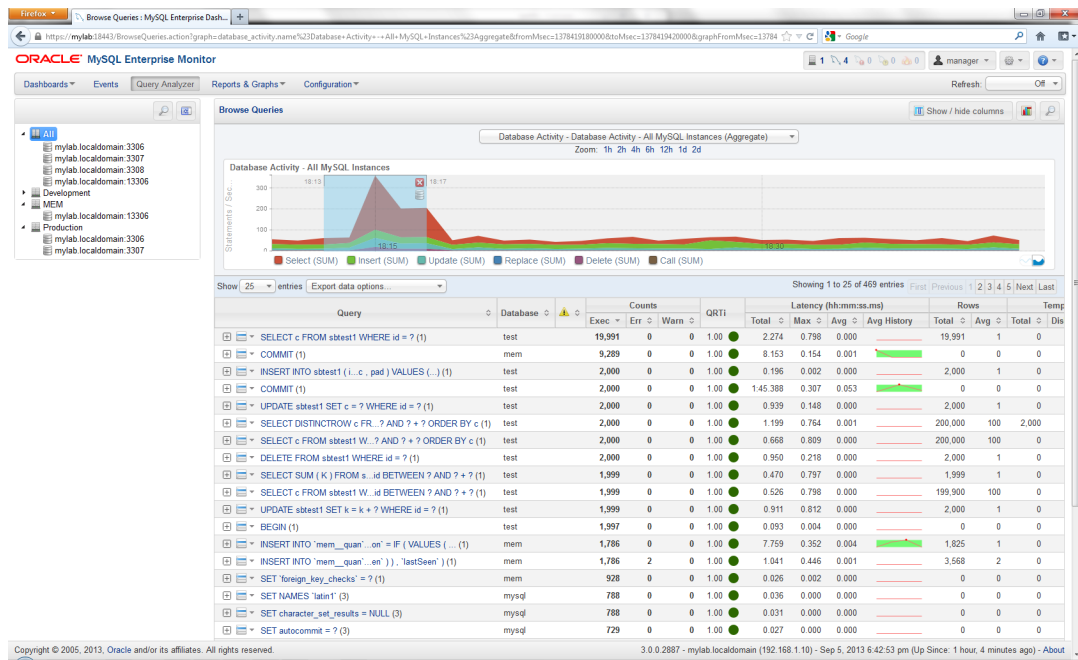


Figure 17: MySQL Query Analyzer

The MySQL Query Analyzer saves you time and effort in monitoring MySQL servers for problem queries by providing:

- An integrated monitoring solution for all supported versions of MySQL (5.1 and higher).
- Aggregated query content and performance stats in real time with no reliance on MySQL logs or SHOW PROCESSLIST.
- Visual “grab and go” correlation of query activity with Monitor graphs.
- A consolidated view into query activity across all MySQL servers, no user parsing required.
- Historical browsing/analysis of queries across all MySQL servers.

- Aggregated, searchable roll ups of all queries in canonical form (no variables) with total number of executions, total execution time, total data size and date/time of when query was “first seen”:
 - **Total Executions** helps you see when queries are running too often or in error. Even properly tuned queries cause performance problems when they run excessively.
 - **SQL Warning and Error counts** help you see queries that did not finish or that returned incorrect result sets. These executions may never be found using other query monitoring options.
 - **Total Execution Time** helps you see the most “expensive” queries across all of the servers. This value helps you see where systems are spending the most time and resources and where you should focus your tuning efforts.
 - **Total Data Size (Rows and Bytes)** helps you analyze if queries are returning more data than your application is using. Sorting on this value, examining the underlying queries and comparing the returned rows and columns with your application requirements will help you tune your applications and schema for better performance.
 - **“First Seen”** allows you to easily monitor when queries attributed to new application deployments are affecting the performance of your production systems.
- Drill downs into query details, number of executions, execution stats, visual EXPLAIN plan, and query specific execution graphs.
- Drill downs that allow developers to trace query execution back to the originating source code.

To learn more, visit: <http://www.mysql.com/products/enterprise/query.html>

12 Oracle Enterprise Manager for MySQL

Oracle Enterprise Manager for MySQL provides Oracle developers and DBAs with real-time monitoring and delivers comprehensive performance, availability and configuration information for your MySQL databases. Enterprise Manager collects more than 500 metrics covering various MySQL components. Custom critical and warning thresholds can then be set for each of the collected metrics. Plus, DBAs can track configuration details over time to easily keep track of configuration changes.

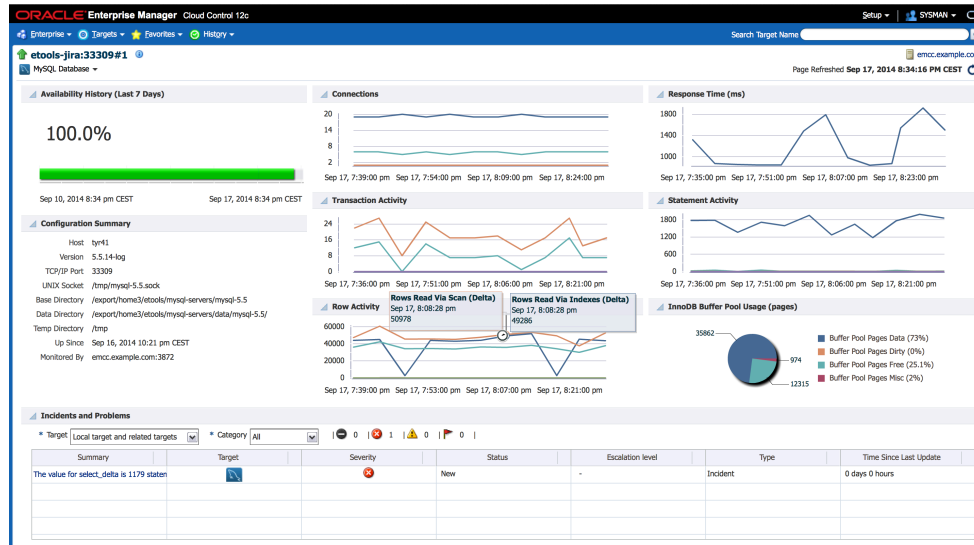


Figure 18: Oracle Enterprise Manager for MySQL allows Oracle developers and DBAs manage MySQL databases.

More information about Oracle Enterprise Manager for MySQL is available at: <http://www.mysql.com/products/enterprise/em.html>

13 MySQL Workbench Enterprise Edition

MySQL Workbench is a unified visual development tool that includes advanced data modeling capabilities, a visual SQL editor and comprehensive administration tools for database design, query development, server configuration, user administration, and wizard-driven database migrations.

Design

MySQL Workbench enables a DBA, developer, or data architect to visually design, model, generate, and manage databases. It includes everything a data modeler needs for creating complex ER models, forward and reverse engineering, and also delivers key features for performing difficult change management and documentation tasks that normally require much time and effort.

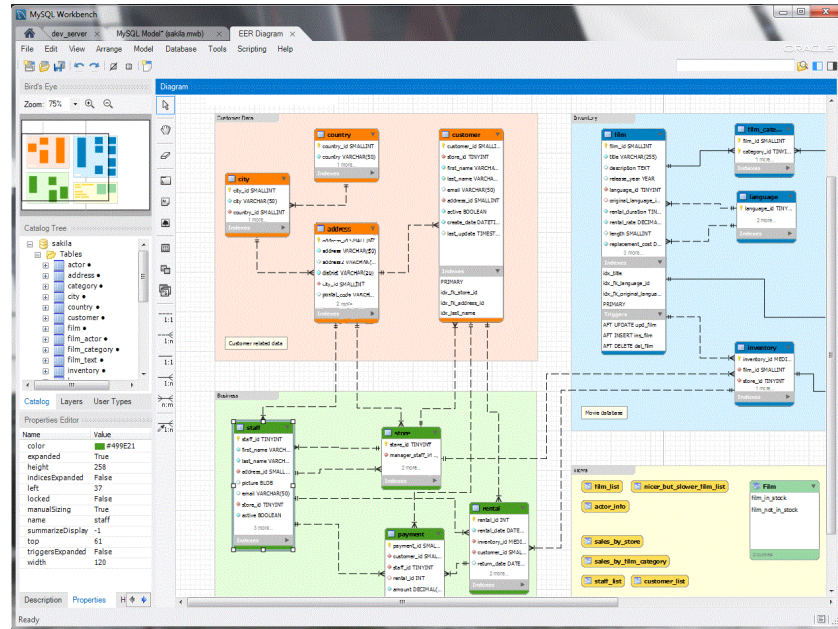
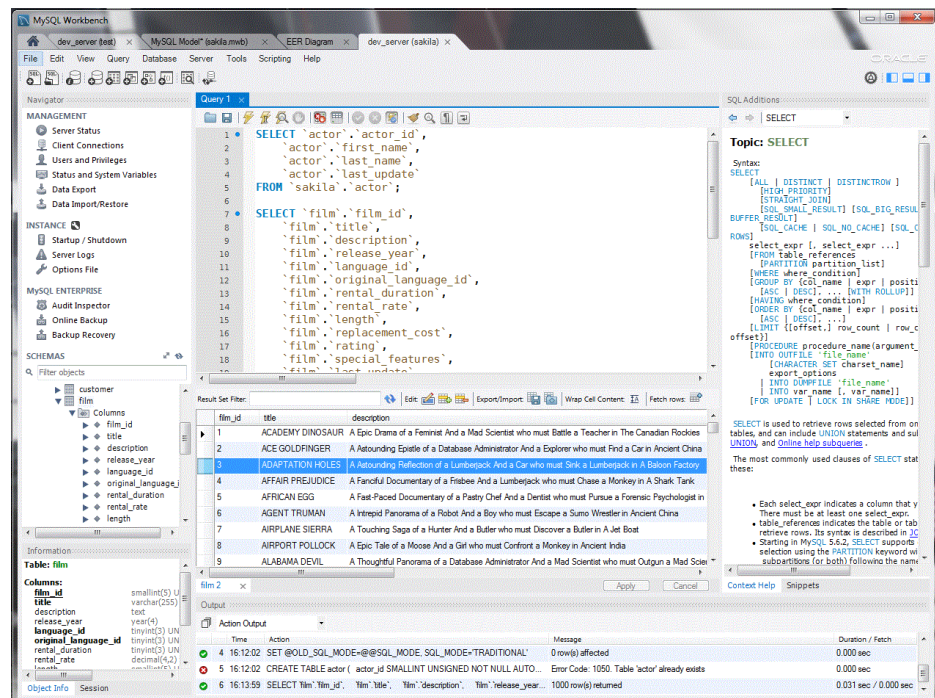


Figure 19: MySQL Workbench – Visual Database Design

Develop

MySQL Workbench delivers visual tools for creating, executing, and optimizing SQL queries. The SQL Editor provides color syntax highlighting, reuse of SQL snippets, and execution history of SQL. The Database Connections Panel enables developers to easily manage database connections. The Object Browser provides instant access to database schema and objects.



The screenshot shows the MySQL Workbench interface with the 'SQL Editor' tab selected. The SQL Editor contains a query that selects columns from the 'actor' and 'film' tables. The Results window shows the output of the query, displaying columns like 'film_id', 'title', and 'description'.

```

1 SELECT 'actor', 'actor_id',
2       'actor', 'first_name',
3       'actor', 'last_name',
4       'actor', 'last_update'
5 FROM   'sakila'.actor;
6
7 SELECT 'film', 'film_id',
8       'film', 'title',
9       'film', 'description',
10      'film', 'release_year',
11      'film', 'language_id',
12      'film', 'original_language_id',
13      'film', 'rental_rate',
14      'film', 'length',
15      'film', 'replacement_cost',
16      'film', 'rating',
17      'film', 'special_features',
18      'film', 'last_update'

```

The Results window shows the output of the query, displaying columns like 'film_id', 'title', and 'description'.

film_id	title	description
1	ACADEMY DINOSAUR	A Epic Drama of a Feminist And a Mad Scientist who must Battle a Teacher in The Canadian Rockies
2	ACE GOLDFINGER	A Autobiog of a Database Administrator And a Explorer who must Find a Car in Ancient China
3	ADAPTATION HOLES	A Autobiog of a Database Administrator And a Explorer who must Find a Car in Ancient China
4	AFFAIR PREJUDICE	A Autobiog of a Database Administrator And a Explorer who must Find a Car in Ancient China
5	AFRICAN EGG	A Autobiog of a Database Administrator And a Explorer who must Find a Car in Ancient China
6	AGENT TRUMAN	A Autobiog of a Database Administrator And a Explorer who must Find a Car in Ancient China
7	AIRPLANE SIERRA	A Autobiog of a Database Administrator And a Explorer who must Find a Car in Ancient China
8	AIRPORT POLLOCK	A Autobiog of a Database Administrator And a Explorer who must Find a Car in Ancient China
9	ALABAMA DEVIL	A Autobiog of a Database Administrator And a Explorer who must Find a Car in Ancient China



Figure 20: MySQL Workbench – SQL Development, Execution, Tuning

Administer

MySQL Workbench provides a visual console to easily administer MySQL environments and gain better visibility into databases. Developers and DBAs can use the visual tools for configuring servers, administering users, and viewing database health.

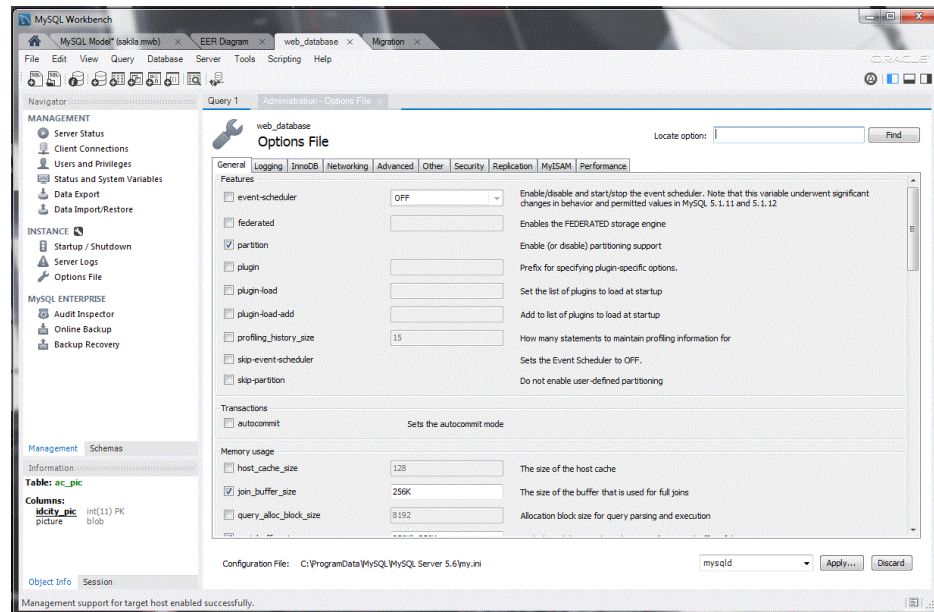


Figure 21: MySQL Workbench – Server Administration, Monitoring

Migrate

MySQL Workbench provides a visual console to easily administer MySQL environments and gain better visibility into databases. Developers and DBAs can use the visual tools for configuring servers, administering users, and viewing database health.

MySQL Workbench provides a visual Migration Wizard that enables quick migration of tables, objects and data from Microsoft SQL Server, Microsoft Access, Sybase and other RDBMS platforms to MySQL. The MySQL Workbench Migration Wizard is designed to save DBA and developer time by providing visual, point and click ease of use around all phases of configuring and managing a complex migration process:

- **Migration project management** - allows migrations to be configured, copied, edited, executed and scheduled.
- **Source and Target selection** - allows users to define specific data sources and to analyze source data in advance of the migration.



- **Object migration** - allows users to select objects to migrate, assign source to target mappings where needed, edit migration scripts and create the target schema.
- **Data migration** - allows users to map source and target data and data types, set up data transfer and assign post data transfer events where needed.

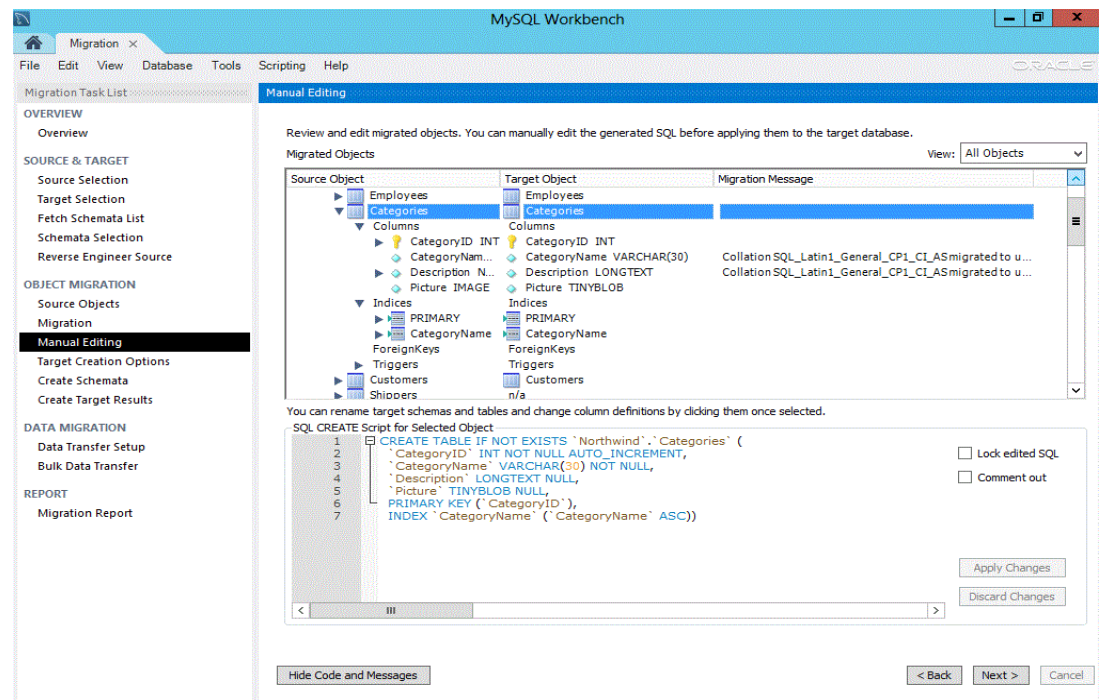


Figure 22: MySQL Workbench – Database Migration Wizard

To learn more, download the whitepaper:

<http://mysql.com/why-mysql/white-papers/mysql-wp-workbench.php>

14 Oracle Product Certifications/Integrations

An estimated 70% of Oracle's customers also use MySQL. MySQL Enterprise Edition makes managing MySQL easier in these environments by certifying and supporting the use of the MySQL Database in conjunction with many Oracle products. These include:

- Oracle Linux
- Oracle VM
- Oracle Fusion Middleware
- Oracle Secure Backup



- Oracle Golden Gate
- Oracle Audit Vault and Database Firewall
- Oracle Enterprise Manager
- Oracle Clusterware

Learn more about Oracle products certified with MySQL Enterprise Edition:
<http://www.mysql.com/why-mysql/white-papers/spotlight-on-mysql-enterprise-oracle-certifications/>

15 Oracle Premier Support

Oracle offers 24x7, global support for MySQL. The MySQL Support team is composed of seasoned MySQL developers, who are database experts and understand the issues and challenges you face. With Oracle Premier Support, you can lower the total cost and risk of owning your MySQL databases, improve the return from your IT investment, and optimize the business value of your IT solutions. MySQL support is included in the subscription for end users, and available separately from commercial licenses for ISVs and OEMs. Oracle Premier Support for MySQL includes the following features:

- 24 X 7 production support
- Unlimited support incidents
- Knowledge Base
- Maintenance releases, bug fixes, patches and updates
- MySQL Consultative support
- Staffed by the most experienced MySQL Engineers in the industry
- The ability to get MySQL support in 29 languages

MySQL Consultative Support service is included in Premier Support. MySQL Consultative Support is a proactive approach that is designed to help you avoid critical outages. MySQL Support Engineers advise you on how to properly setup and tune your MySQL servers, schema, queries, and replication set-up to maximize performance and availability. Also, by taking the initiative to properly design and tune your MySQL database applications you can avoid having to purchase expensive hardware for your IT infrastructure.

Learn more about Oracle Premier Support:
<http://mysql.com/support/>



16 Conclusion

In this paper we explored the components that are included in MySQL Enterprise Edition. These components are designed to help you mitigate risk and meet Service Level Agreements (SLAs) as you implement applications built on the lower costs and licensing freedom that comes with standardizing on MySQL and other open source technologies. MySQL Enterprise Edition extends the MySQL Database to include advanced Auditing, Security, Encryption, Performance/Scale and High Availability features. The MySQL Enterprise Backup performs online "Hot", non-blocking backups of your MySQL databases. The Enterprise Monitor, Advisors and Query Analyzer proactively notify you of problems and tuning opportunities before they turn into customer facing issues. MySQL Workbench enables developers, DBAs, and data architects to design, develop, migrate, and administer database applications. For managing Oracle and MySQL databases, there are supported integrations and certifications that allow you to manage MySQL using many Oracle products. Finally, the Oracle Premier Support provides you with quick answers and resolutions when you need help, so your systems provide uninterrupted availability to your customers.

17 About MySQL Enterprise Edition

MySQL Enterprise Edition includes the most comprehensive set of advanced features, management tools and technical support to help you achieve the highest levels of MySQL scalability, security, reliability, and uptime. It reduces the risk, cost, and complexity in developing, deploying, and managing business-critical MySQL applications.

- **MySQL Database** to power the most demanding Web, E-commerce and Online Transaction Processing (OLTP) applications.
- **MySQL Query Analyzer** to optimize performance by visualizing query activity, pinpointing expensive queries, and fixing problem SQL code
- **Oracle Enterprise Manager** for MySQL for real-time performance and availability monitoring
- **MySQL Enterprise Monitor** to monitor MySQL performance, sessions, connections, and more
- **MySQL Enterprise Backup** to perform online "Hot" backups of your databases
- **MySQL Enterprise High Availability** to automatically detect and recover from failures
- **MySQL Enterprise Scalability** to improve read/write scalability by 20x



- **MySQL Enterprise Authentication** to easily integrate existing security infrastructures (PAM & Windows Active Directory)
- **MySQL Enterprise Encryption** to protect sensitive data throughout its lifecycle
- **MySQL Enterprise Firewall** to block database threats in real-time and protect against specific attacks, such as an SQL Injection
- **MySQL Enterprise Audit** to add policy-based auditing compliance to new and existing applications
- **MySQL Replication Monitor** that provides real-time information on master/slave performance and latency issues
- **MySQL Advisors** to implement security, performance, replication and administration best practices
- **MySQL Workbench Enterprise Edition** for visual database design, SQL development, administration and database migration

18 Additional Resources

MySQL Whitepapers

<http://www.mysql.com/why-mysql/white-papers/>

MySQL Webinars:

- Live: <http://www.mysql.com/news-and-events/web-seminars/index.html>
- On Demand: <http://www.mysql.com/news-and-events/on-demand-webinars/>

MySQL Enterprise Edition Demo:

<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=guFOVCOaaF0>

MySQL Cluster Demo:

<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DnWltDTZL2c>

MySQL Enterprise Edition Trial:

<http://www.mysql.com/trials/>

MySQL Case Studies:

<http://www.mysql.com/why-mysql/case-studies/>

MySQL TCO Savings Calculator:

<http://mysql.com/tco>

To contact an Oracle MySQL Representative:

<http://www.mysql.com/about/contact/>